

Fund

Muzinich Credit Opportunities Fund

Portfolio Commentary

Global credit¹ delivered mostly positive returns. In the US, while April's economic numbers painted a mixed picture for policy makers ahead of the Federal Reserve's (Fed's) rate decision in early May, the market's expectations that the Fed would increase by 25 basis points² (bps) remained unchanged (and accurate). First quarter corporate earnings season started, with most reported earnings beating estimates as of the end of April. The general view is that this earnings season is moving forward at a better-than-expected pace, and if this holds, high yield³ credit metrics (e.g., leverage, interest coverage, etc.) will stay near historic best levels. European market,⁴ volatility-driven by interest rates-continued to be elevated this month. In our view, the European market felt more confident through the first half of the month, turning more cautious later, as fears around the US regional banks returned. At the end of the month, the market anticipated (correctly) just 25 basis points (bps) of immediate hiking from the European Central Bank (ECB), however with expectations that rates may further increase, reaching a peak of 3.75% in the second half of the year (Source: Financial Times, 4th May 2023). In Emerging Markets (EM), China's reopening momentum continued and the Politburo (China's top decision-making body that focuses on the economy and sets the tone for policy in the coming months) presented a pro-growth stance, saying the country's economic recovery requires continued forceful fiscal and monetary support, and reiterating support both for the private sector and for a high-level "opening up" to further attract foreign investment.

Strategy and Outlook

In this environment, the fund generated positive returns and performed in-line with its benchmark target of LIBOR⁵ + 300. The fund underperformed the global credit market¹. In April, we increased our cash and Treasury position and reduced exposure to EU investment grade⁶ (IG) via a reduction in European banks. We also reduced some EM banks (in some cases quasi-sovereign entities). The fund has no exposure to US banking, including US regional banks. During the month, we added a -10% credit hedge. This month we continued to increase portfolio duration⁷, ending the month at 5.6 years duration (including cash), as compared to the longer-term average of around 3.7 years. We have worked to move portfolio quality up as we reduce lower rated issues and add to higher quality as well as lengthening the duration of the portfolio. With increased economic uncertainty, we expect additional spread⁸ volatility and will potentially look to deploy some of the portfolio cash and Treasury position into credit as spread valuations improve.

While we believe the recent banking headlines are largely related to issues facing the specific banks involved, global market concerns remain regarding potential systemic risks stemming from aggressive central bank tightening over the last year. More restrictive policies and higher interest rates have dampened the outlook for economic growth with debate still centered on the likelihood of near-term recessions in the US and Europe. While we do see signs of resiliency in the underlying economies and corporate balance sheets are generally on solid footing entering any potential downturn, we are working broadly to position portfolios for a slowdown. Markets will begin the month of May receiving a slew of economic releases starting with manufacturing, services, and jobs data. The market is anticipating that the Fed's May 3rd rate hike was likely the last increase, and any future indication that additional hikes are being considered could cause an increase in volatility. We believe diligence and discipline is warranted as we navigate this challenging period of quantitative tightening⁹, higher rates, credit tightening, and competition for capital.

All references to market performance are sourced from Bloomberg as of April 30, 2023. ¹GI00 – The ICE BofA Global Corporate & High Yield Index tracks the performance of investment grade and below investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the major domestic and eurobond markets. ²The term basis points (BPS) refers to a common unit of measure for interest rates and other percentages in finance. ³High-yield bonds are bonds that pay higher interest rates because they have lower credit ratings than investment-grade bonds. ⁴ER00 – The ICE BofA Euro Corporate Index tracks the performance of EUR denominated investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the eurobond or Euro member domestic markets. HE00 - The ICE BofA Euro High Yield Index tracks the performance of EUR dominated below investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the euro domestic or eurobond markets. ⁵LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) is a benchmark interest rate at which major global banks lend to one another in the international interbank market for short-term loans. ⁶An Investment grade credit rating signals that a corporate or municipal bond presents a relatively low risk of default. ⁷Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of the price -- the value of principal -- of a fixed-income investment to a change in interest rates, expressed as a number of years. ⁸Spread is the difference between yields on differing debt instruments of varying maturities, credit ratings, issuer, or risk level, calculated by deducting the yield of one instrument from the other. ⁹Quantitative tightening (QT) refers to monetary policies that contract, or reduce, the Federal Reserve System (Fed) balance sheet.

Mutual fund investing involves risk. Principal loss is possible. Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. This risk is usually greater for longer-term debt securities. Investment by the Fund in lower-rated and non-rated securities presents a greater risk of loss to principal and interest than higher-rated securities. Investments in foreign securities involve greater volatility and political, economic and currency risks and differences in accounting methods. These risks are greater for emerging markets. Derivatives involve risks different from, and in certain cases, greater than the risks presented by more traditional investments. These risks are fully disclosed in the prospectus. Floating rate loans may not be fully collateralized and therefore may decline significantly in value. The fund will bear its share of the fees and expenses of investments in underlying funds or ETFs. Shareholders will pay higher expenses than would be the case if making direct investments in underlying funds or ETFs. Because the fund invests in ETFs, it is subject to additional risks that do not apply to conventional mutual funds, including the risks that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount to its net asset value ("NAV"), an active secondary trading market may not develop or be maintained, or trading may be halted by the exchange in which they trade, which may impact a fund's ability to sell its shares. The Fund may make short sales of securities, which involves the risk that losses may exceed the original amount invested. Please note that while the fund's prospectus states that the fund may use leverage, and that it may make short sales of securities, which involves the risk that losses may exceed the original amount invested, the Fund's portfolio managers do not anticipate engaging in either practice. The Fund invests in high yield debt instruments which tend to be less liquid than higher quality debt instruments.

The fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses must be considered carefully before investing. The Summary Prospectus and Statutory Prospectus contains this and other important information about the investment company, and it may be obtained by calling 1-855-Muzinich or visiting www.MuzinichUSfunds.com. Read it carefully before investing.

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Past performance does not guarantee future results. Index performance is not indicative of Fund performance. To obtain Fund performance call 1-855-Muzinich (689-4642). One cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not reflect any fees, expenses, or sales charges. The volatility of indices may be materially different from the volatility performance of a fund.

The fund itself has not been rated by an independent rating agency. Credit quality ratings exclude cash and derivatives, if held, and are based on the underlying securities of the fund. Credit quality ratings may differ materially from the ratings outlined in accordance with the fund's Prospectus for official fund guideline calculations. Credit quality ratings reflect the first publicly-available rating from surveying, in order, Moody's, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch, converted to the equivalent Moody's major rating category. If none of these agencies rate an asset "Non-Rated" is assigned. Non-Rated securities do not necessarily indicate low quality. This document and the views included herein are for informational purposes only and do not constitute an offer or solicitation of an offer, or any advice or recommendation, to purchase any securities or other financial instruments, and may not be construed as such. Opinions expressed are subject to change, are not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future results, nor investment advice. This document contains forward looking statements. Such statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of our team and on the information currently available to our team at the time of such statements. Although we believe the expectations reflected in these statements to be reasonable, we can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to be correct. Certain information contained herein is based on data obtained from third parties and, although believed to be reliable, has not been independently verified by anyone at or affiliated with Muzinich & Co., Inc.; its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed. Diversification does not guarantee a profit or protect from loss. Fund holdings and allocations are subject to change and should not be considered a recommendation to buy or sell any security. Investment processes and aims described herein are subject to change and there is no guarantee they will be met.

Issuers of bonds, loans and other fixed income investments ("Investments") held in the portfolio may default on their obligations or have their credit rating downgraded, possibly resulting in a temporary or permanent decrease in the value of those Investments. Investments in the portfolio may be below investment grade, meaning that they may produce a higher level of income but also carry greater risk of default than higher-rated Investments.